



PORTLAND HARBOR INITIAL REVIEW OF ALTERNATIVES

DICK/DENNIS/JIM BRIEFING



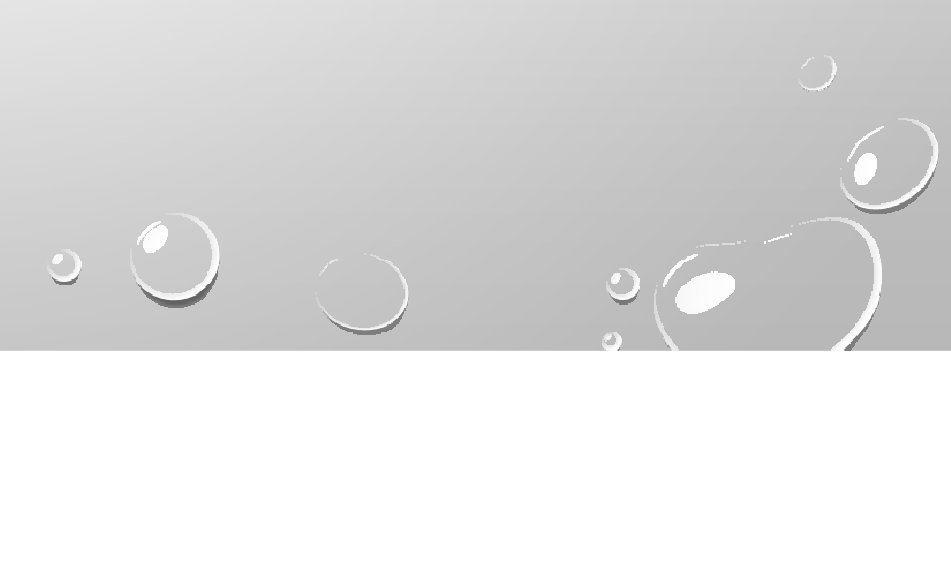


DEVELOPMENT OF ALTERNATIVES

- COMBINATION OF TECHNOLOGIES
 - USED FOR ALL ALTERNATIVES, EXCEPT ALTERNATIVE A
 - TECHNOLOGIES INCLUDE:
 - DREDGING
 - CAPPING
 - IN-SITU TREATMENT
 - EX-SITU TREATMENT
 - EMNR
 - MNR
 - INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS
- 



TREATMENT ASSUMPTIONS

- PTW AND GROUNDWATER PLUMES
 - IN-SITU TREATMENT
 - ACTIVATED CARBON
 - ORGANOPHILIC CLAY
 - SOLIDIFICATION/STABILIZATION (UNDER STRUCTURES)
 - EX-SITU TREATMENT
 - THERMAL DESORPTION
- 

PRINCIPAL THREAT WASTE

- SOURCE MATERIAL

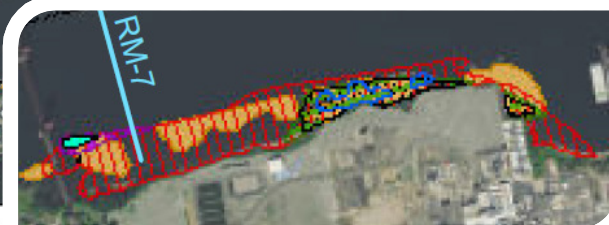
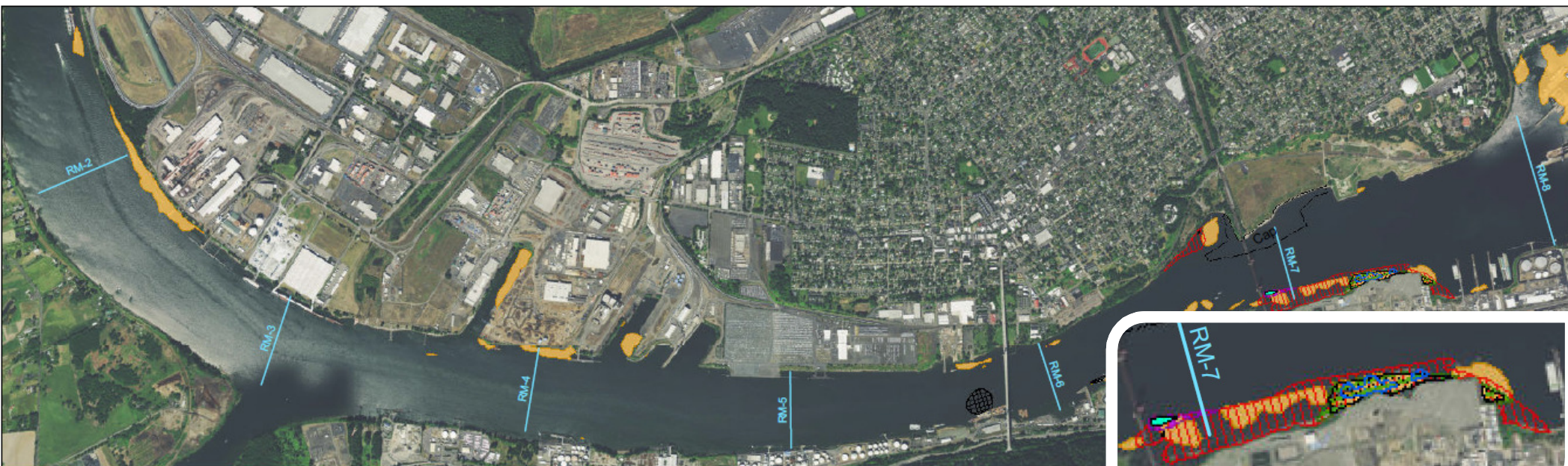
- NAPL
- CHLOROBENZENE -
ARKEMA
- PAHS – GASCO
- HIGHLY TOXIC OR
HIGHLY MOBILE

- HIGHLY TOXIC – EXCEEDS 10^{-3} CANCER RISK

- PCBs > 200 µg/kg
- cPAHS > 100,000 µg/kg
- DD_x > 7000 µg/kg
- 2,3,7,8-TCDD > 0.02 µg/kg
- 2,3,7,8-TCDF > 4 µg/kg
- 1,2,3,7,8-PECDD > 0.01 µg/kg
- 2,3,4,7,8-PECDF > 0.4 µg/kg
- 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HXCDF > 0.3 µg/kg









SEDIMENT MANAGEMENT AREAS

- BASED ON REMEDIAL ACTION LEVELS FOR FOCUSED COCS
 - PCBS
 - TOTAL PAHS
 - 1,2,3,7,8-PECDD
 - 2,3,4,7,8-PECDF
 - 2,3,7,8-TCDD
 - DDx
- CHANGE THROUGHOUT THE ALTERNATIVES



Legend

Areas above PTW Highly Toxic Concentrations for each COC

-  cPAHs
-  DDx
-  PCBs
-  1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF
-  2,3,7,8-TCDD
-  2,3,7,8-TCDF
-  1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD
-  2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF

0 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000
Feet

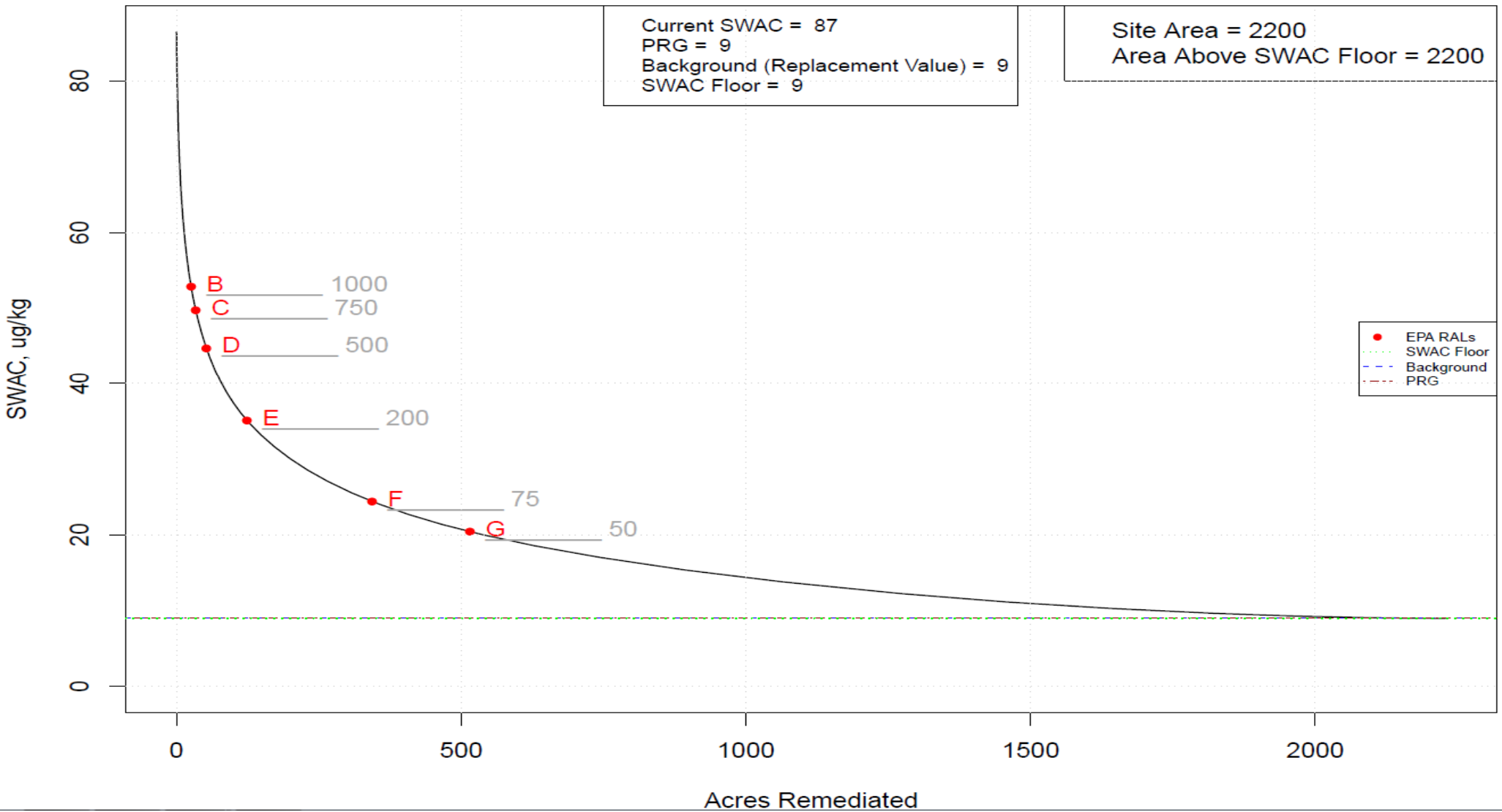


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REMEDIAL ACTION LEVELS

- MAXIMUM INCREMENTAL REDUCTION OF THE SWAC
 - B RAL (FURTHER INCREASES IN SWAC CONCENTRATIONS RESULTS IN MINIMAL INCREASE IN ACRES CAPPED/DREDGED)
- MARGINAL INCREMENTAL REDUCTION OF THE SWAC
 - G RAL (FURTHER INCREASES IN ACRES CAPPED/DREDGED DO NOT RESULT IN DISCERNABLE REDUCTIONS IN SWAC CONCENTRATIONS)
- KNEE OF THE CURVE
 - E RAL (INCREMENTAL INCREASED ACRES CAPPED/DREDGED BECOMES GREATER THAN THE INCREMENTAL REDUCTION OF THE SWAC)
- SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION
 - RALS C, D, F

Site-wide (Area above PRG) – PCBs



REMEDIAL ACTION LEVELS

NEEDS TO DREDGE OR CAP

ALL UNITS (µg/kg)

Contaminant	B	C	D	E	F	G
PCBs	1,000	750	500	200	75	50
Total PAHs	170,000	130,000	69,000	35,000	13,000	5,400
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD*	1	1	1	0.2	0.2	0.009
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF*	0.003	0.002	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008
2,3,7,8-TCDD*	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006
DDx	650	550	450	300	160	40



Legend

PCB RAL Alternatives

- Alternative B
- Alternative C
- Alternative D
- Alternative E
- Alternative F
- Alternative G

0 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000
Feet



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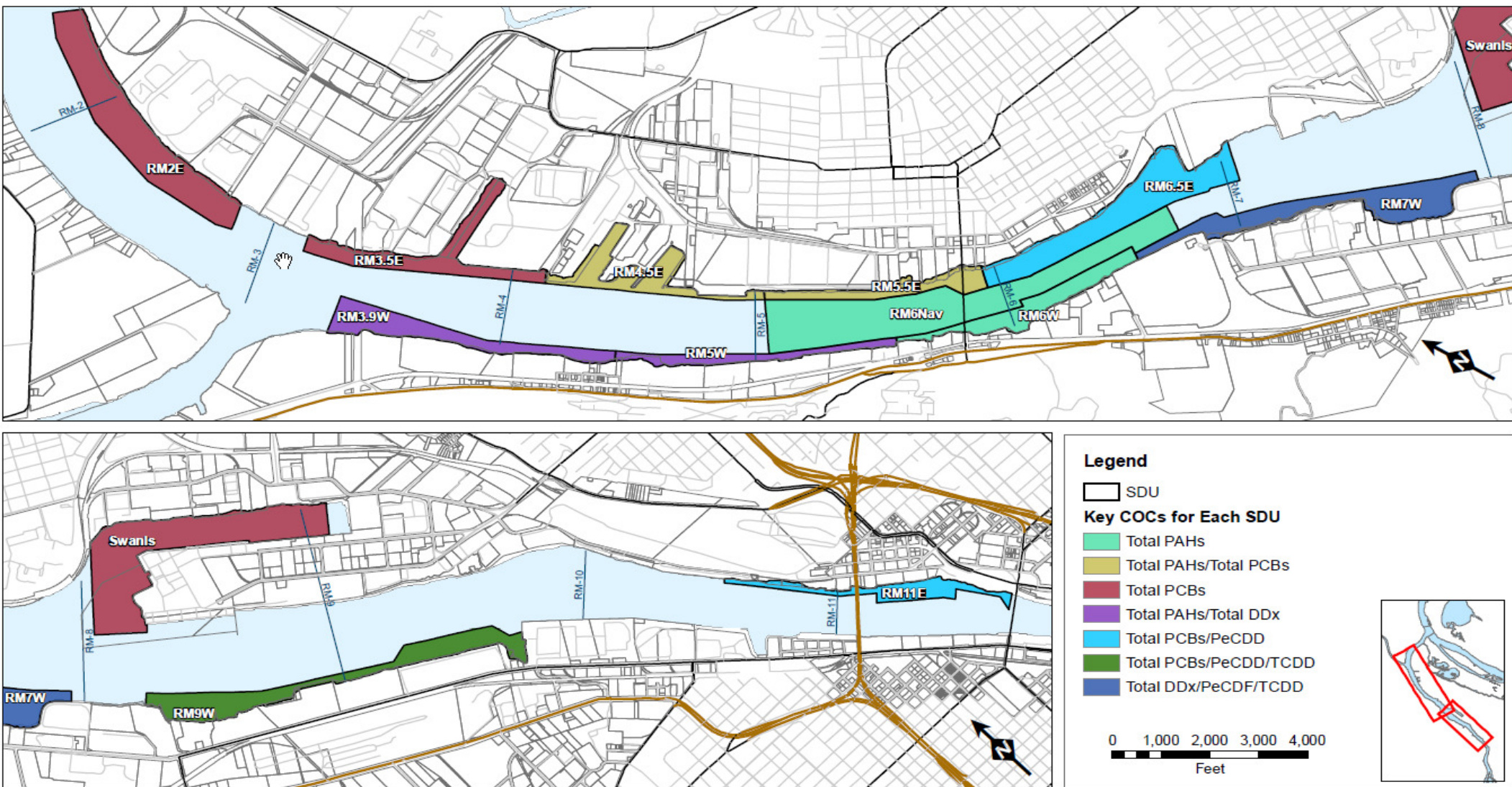
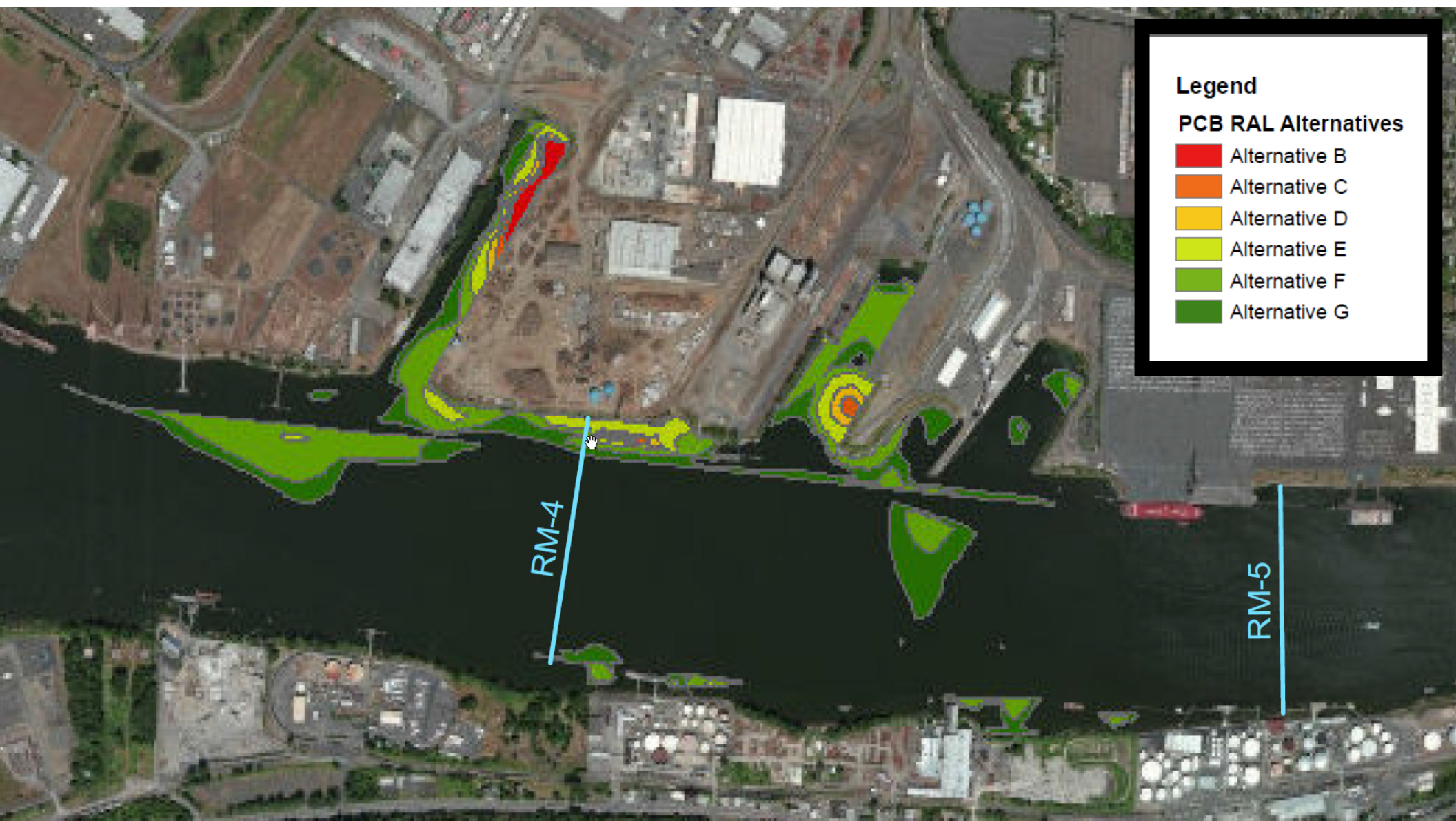


Figure 4.1-2. Sediment Decision Units and Key COCs



Legend

PCB RAL Alternatives

- Alternative B
- Alternative C
- Alternative D
- Alternative E
- Alternative F
- Alternative G



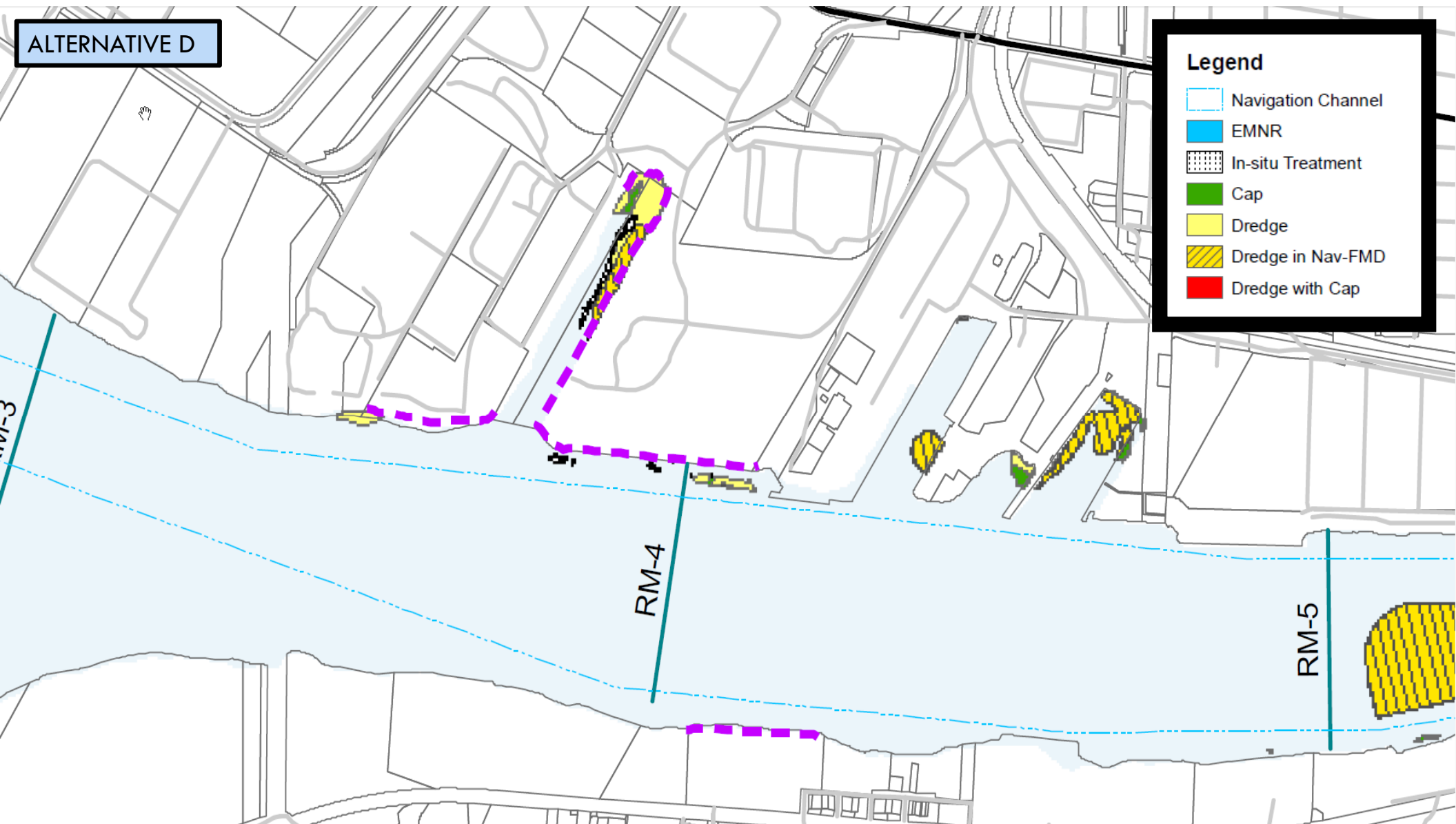
SMA TECHNOLOGIES CONSIDERED

- CAPS
 - DREDGING & EXCAVATION
 - DREDGE/CAP
 - INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS
- 

ALTERNATIVE D

Legend

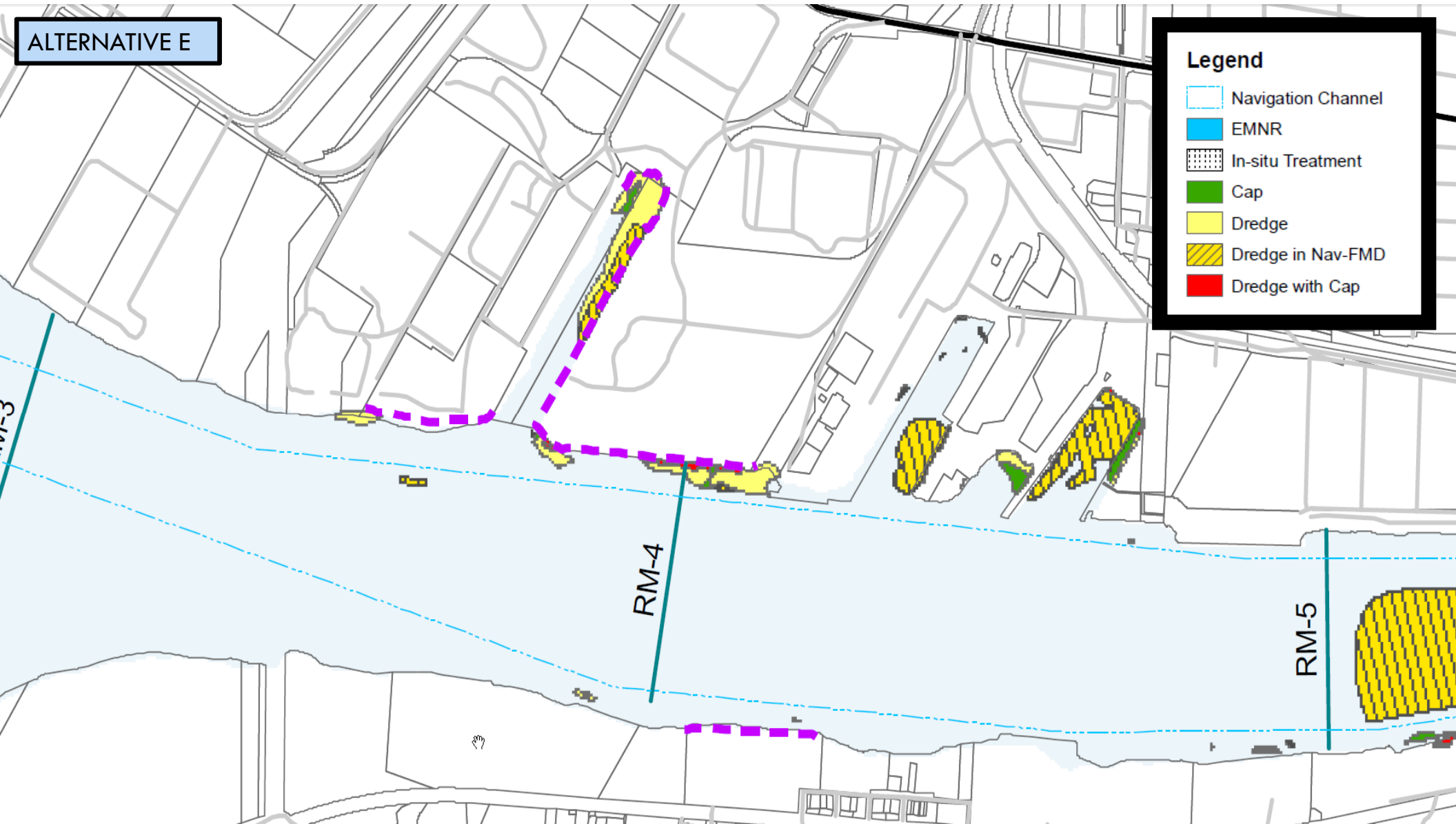
- Navigation Channel
- EMNR
- In-situ Treatment
- Cap
- Dredge
- Dredge in Nav-FMD
- Dredge with Cap



ALTERNATIVE E

Legend

- Navigation Channel
- EMNR
- In-situ Treatment
- Cap
- Dredge
- Dredge in Nav-FMD
- Dredge with Cap



ALTERNATIVE F

Legend

- Navigation Channel
- EMNR
- In-situ Treatment
- Cap
- Dredge
- Dredge in Nav-FMD
- Dredge with Cap

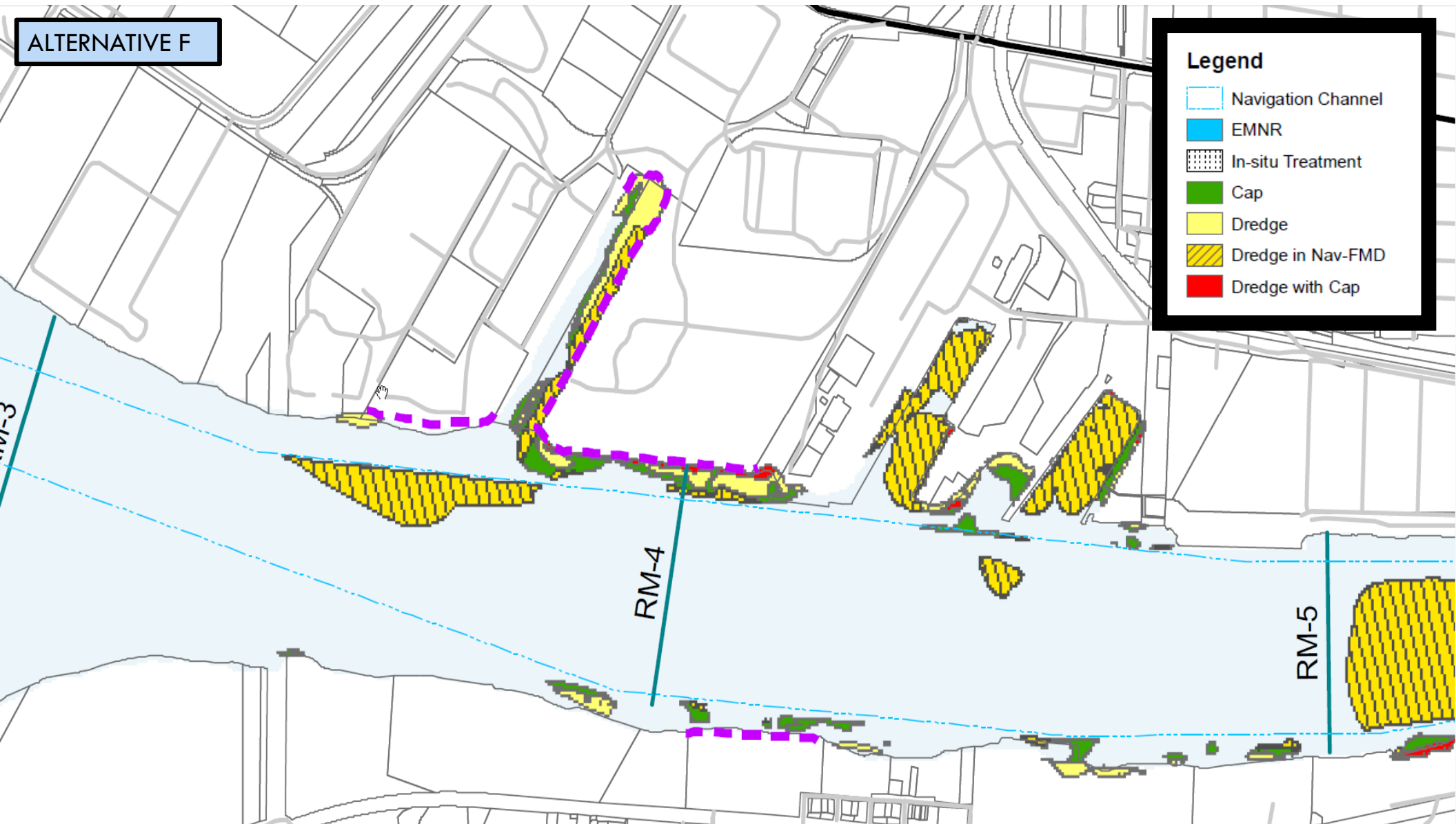
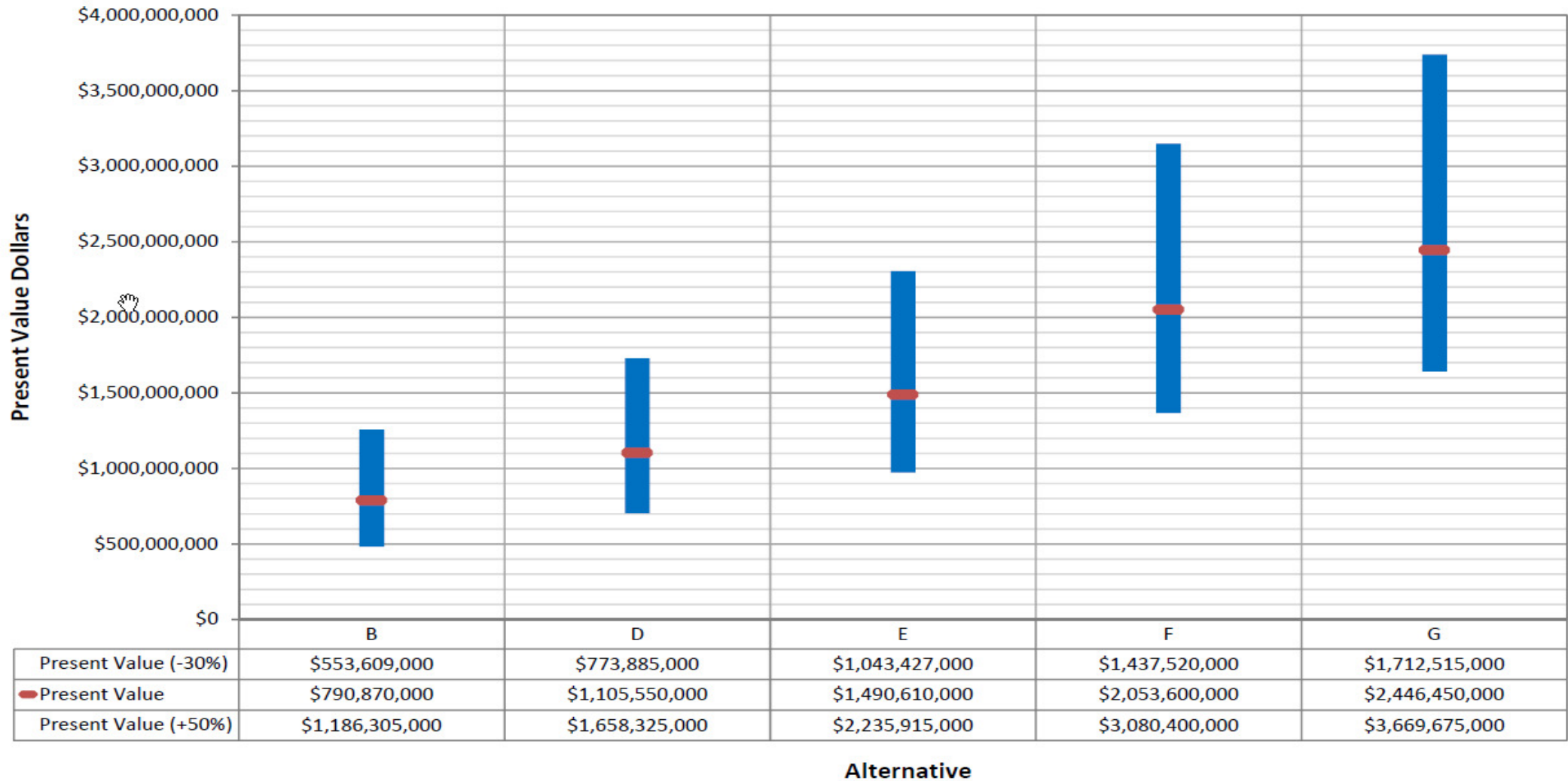


Exhibit CS-ALT
Alternative Cost Estimate Accuracy Ranges



COSTS WERE DEVELOPED FOR 26 SUB ELEMENTS

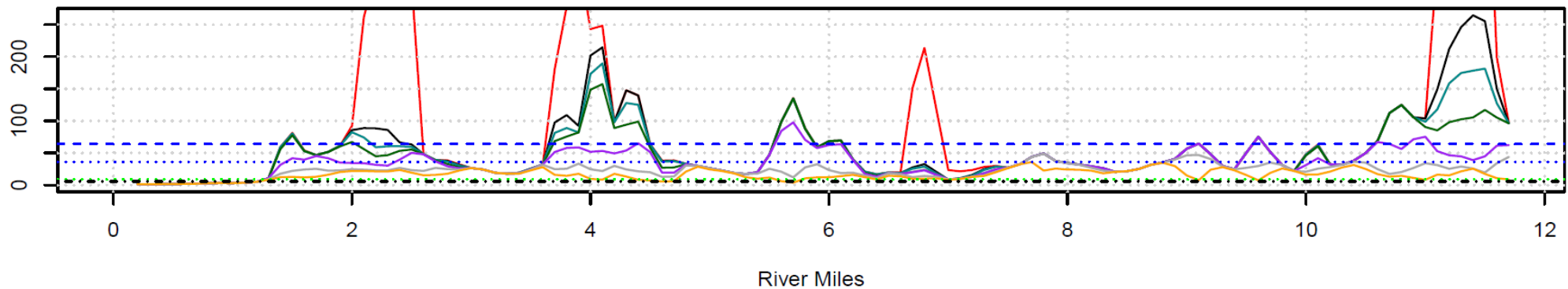
Alt E Sub Elements (examples)	Capital Cost
Mob/demob	\$18 M
Institutional Controls	\$1.6 M
Dredging (open water)*	\$78 M
Dredging (confined)*	\$19 M
Transload Facility Development	\$14 M
Disposal RCRA C/TSCA	\$368 M
Disposal RCRA D	\$267 M
Mitigation	\$100 M
Reactive/GAC Placement	\$137 M
MNR	\$11 M
5-Year Reviews, per review	\$0.24 M

RELATIVE EFFECTIVENESS OF ALTERNATIVES*

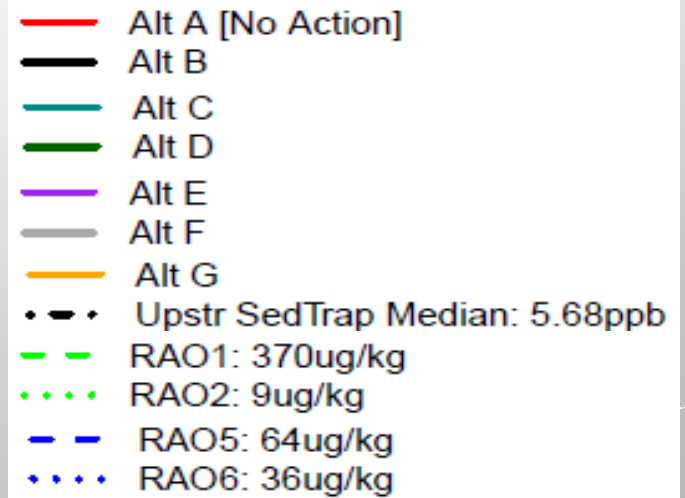
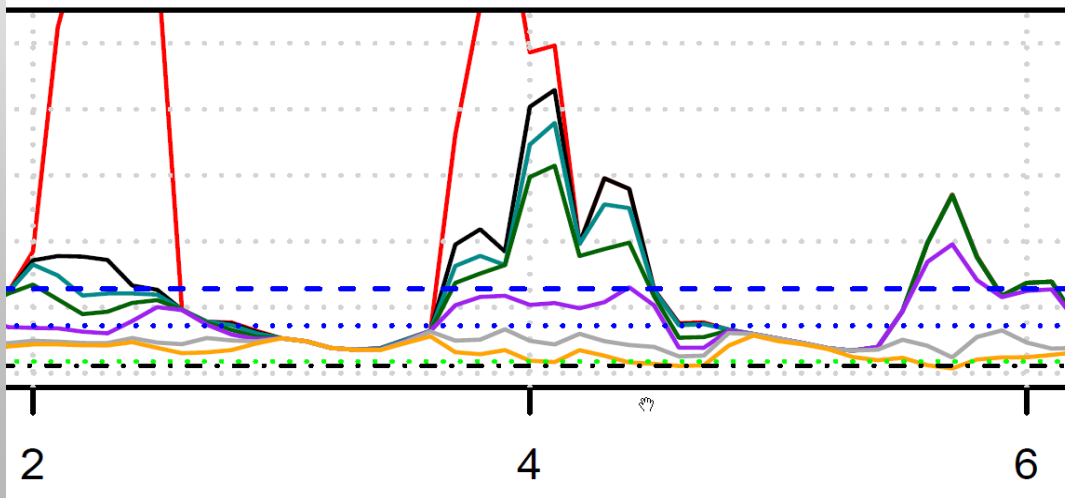
*START TIME IS DIFFERENT FOR EACH ALTERNATIVE

[T=0] PCB – East – rolling avg 0.2 miles [Zoomed In]

Surface Concentration (ppb)

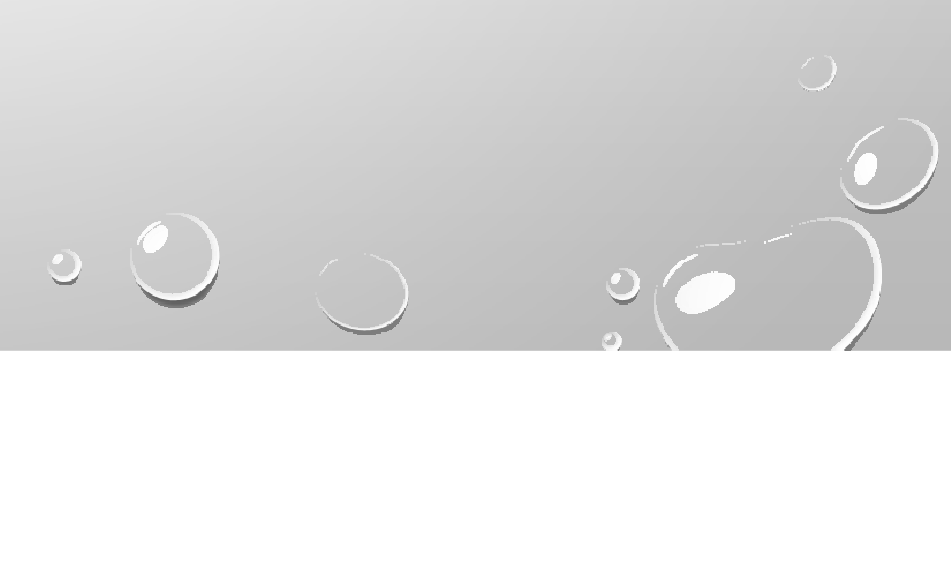


River Miles



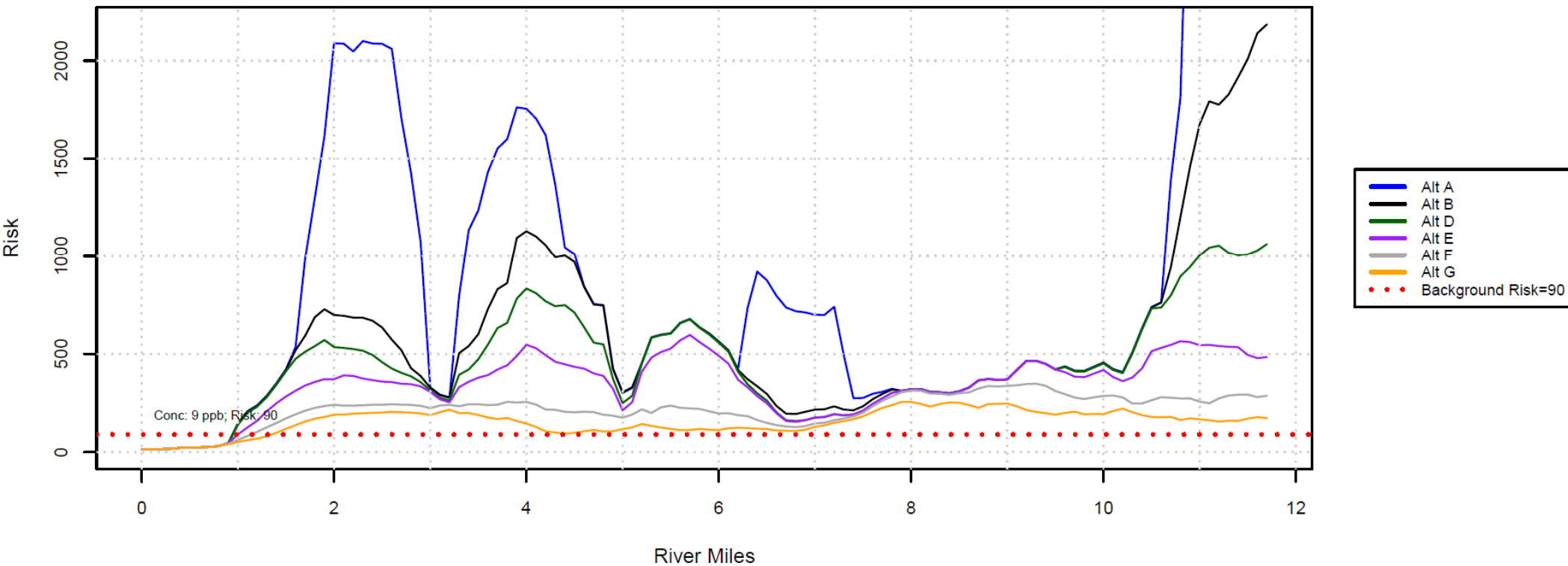


RISK REDUCTION AFTER CONSTRUCTION

- AT COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, NONE OF THE ALTERNATIVES WILL TOTALLY ELIMINATE RISK
 - EPA WILL EVALUATE THE ALTERNATIVES TAKING THE RESIDUAL RISK INTO CONSIDERATION
- 

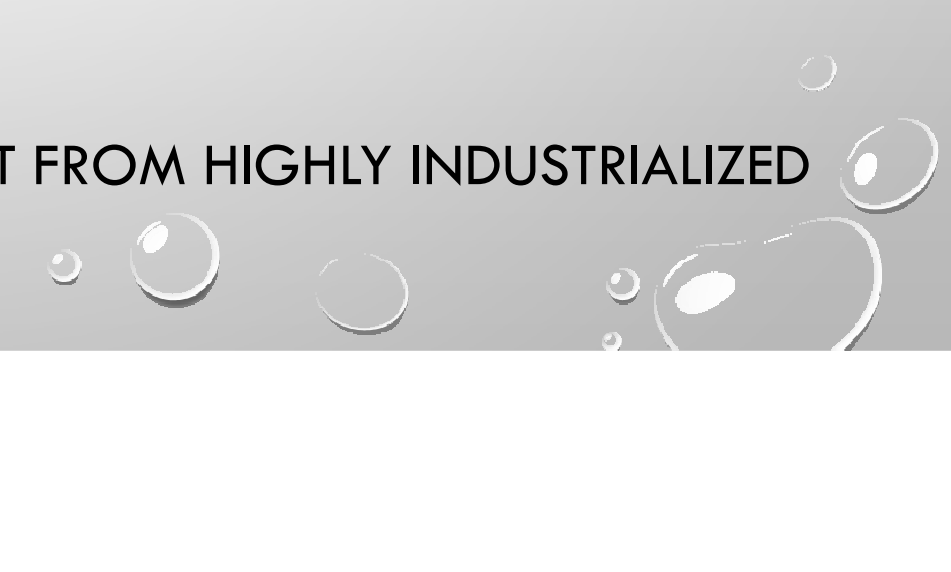
RESIDUAL RISKS OF ALTERNATIVES

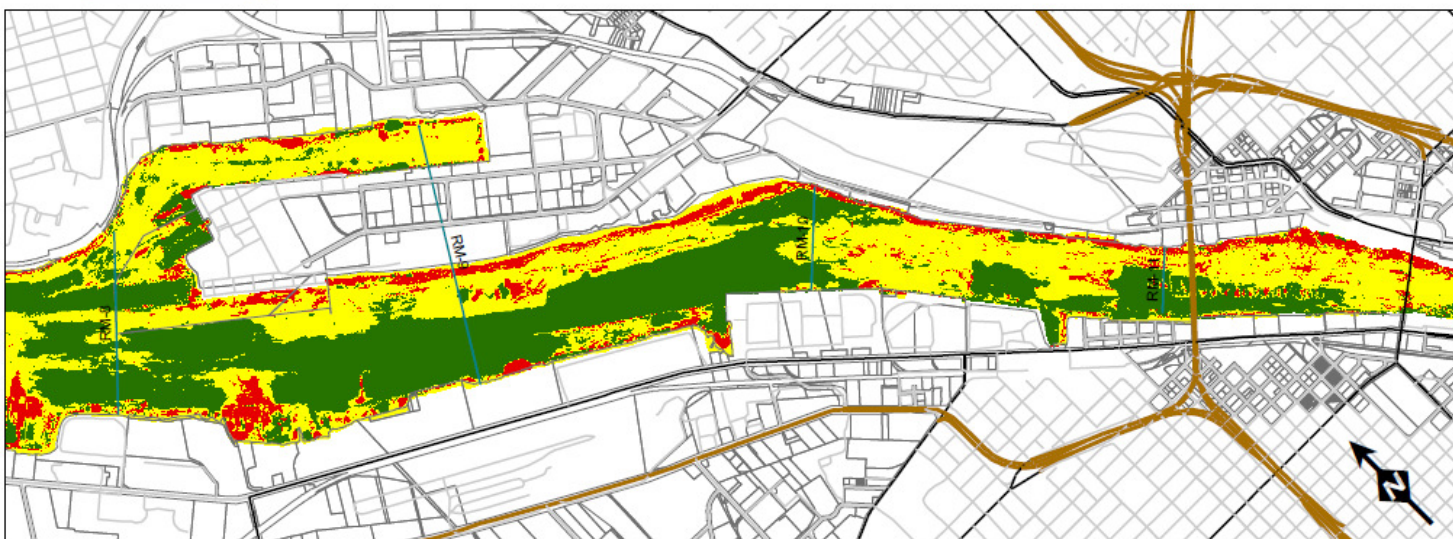
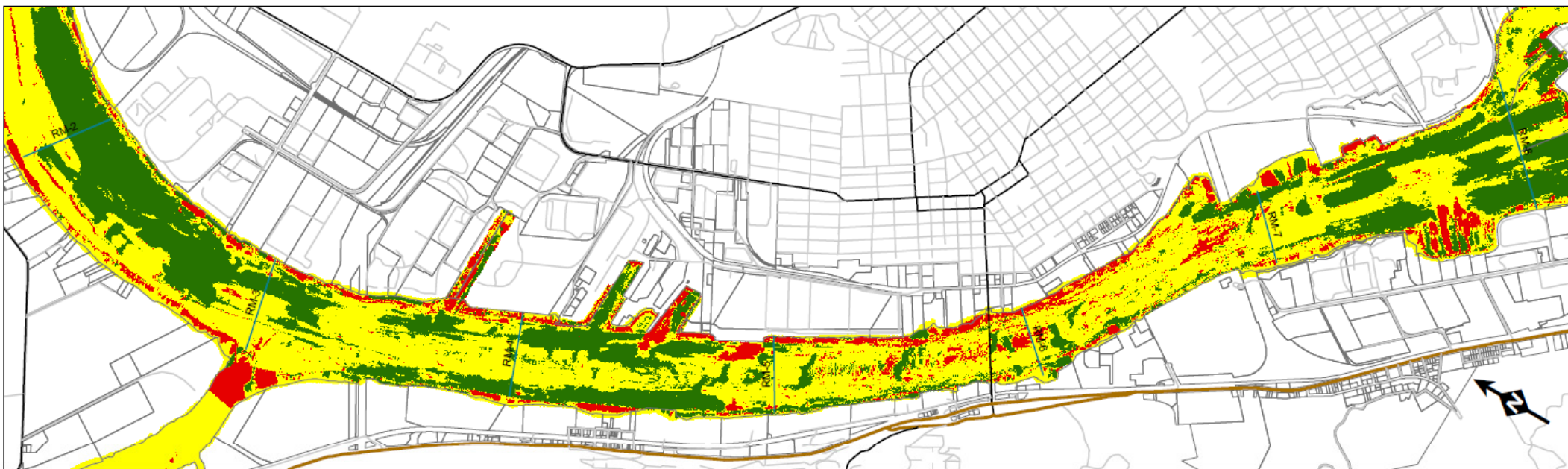
Residual Human Health Non-Cancer Risk for RAO 2 at 0 year – Infant – PCB – East – Rolling Avg 1 mile





MODELING THE RIVER

- RIVER IS HIGHLY DYNAMIC WITH EROSION/SEDIMENTATION OCCURRING THROUGHOUT SYSTEM, ANNUAL CYCLE AND DURING MAJOR FLOOD EVENTS
 - WAVES (WIND AND BOAT WAKE) HAVE SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON SHALLOW WATER AND BANK EROSION
 - DREDGING AND PROP WASH RESULT FROM HIGHLY INDUSTRIALIZED RIVER
- 



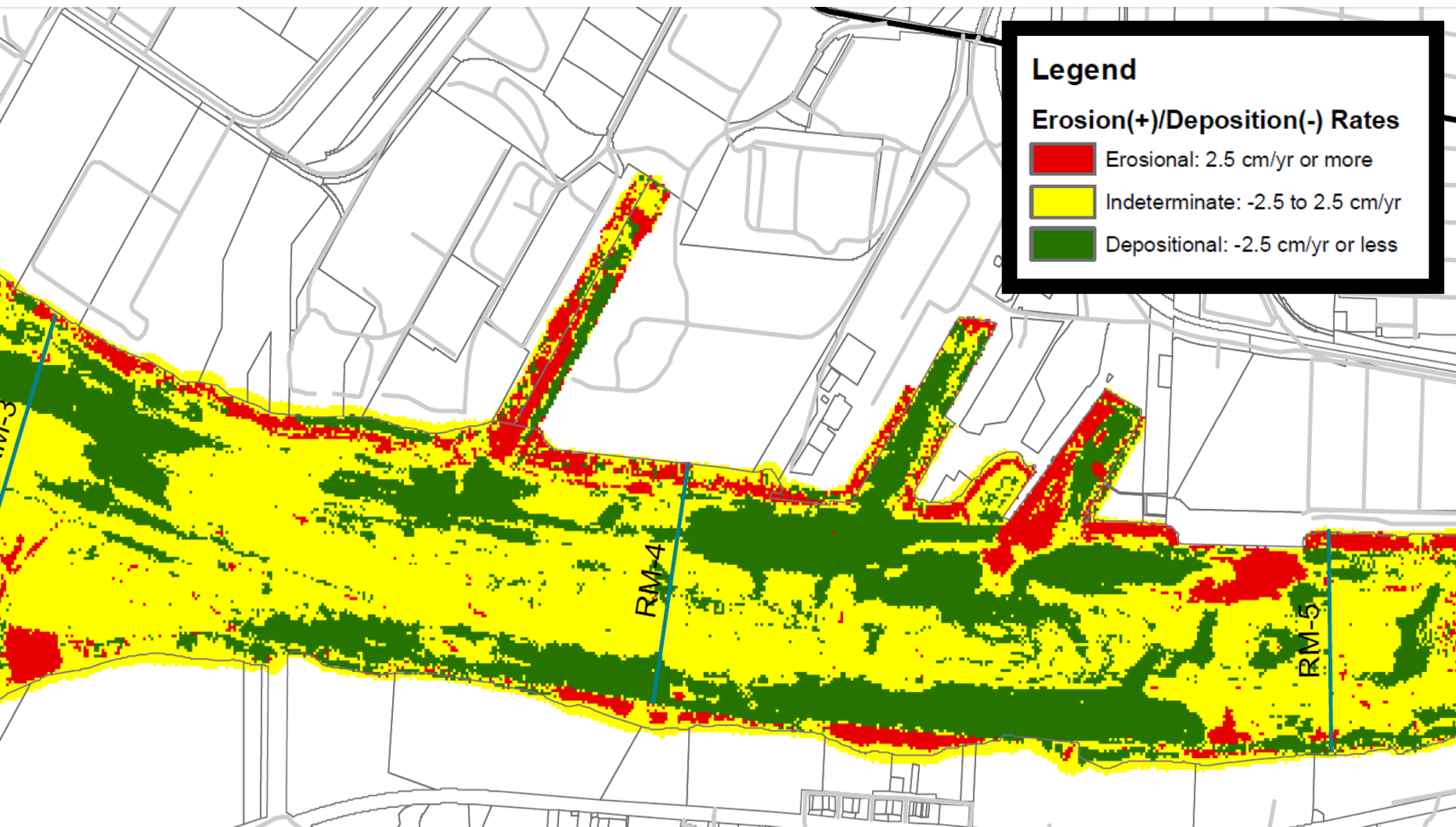
Legend

Erosion(+)/Deposition(-) Rates

- Erosional: 2.5 cm/yr or more
- Indeterminate: -2.5 to 2.5 cm/yr
- Depositional: -2.5 cm/yr or less

0 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000
Feet





Legend

Erosion(+)/Deposition(-) Rates

- Erosional: 2.5 cm/yr or more
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NCP CRITERIA FOR ALTERNATIVE SELECTION ANALYSIS

- OVERALL PROTECTION OF HUMAN HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT (THRESHOLD)
- COMPLIANCE WITH ARARS (THRESHOLD)
- LONG-TERM EFFECTIVENESS AND PERMANENCE
- REDUCTION IN TOXICITY, MOBILITY & VOLUME BY TREATMENT
- SHORT-TERM EFFECTIVENESS
- IMPLEMENTABILITY
- COST

QUALITATIVE COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

Remedial Alternative	Description	Threshold Criteria		Balancing Criteria				
		Overall Protection of Human Health and the Environment	Compliance with ARARs	Long-Term Effectiveness and Permanence	Reduction of Toxicity, Mobility, or Volume through Treatment	Short-Term Effectiveness	Implementability	Present Value Cost (Dollars)
Contaminated Sediment Alternatives								
A	No Action/No Further Action	—	—	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
B	Dredge 83 acres; Contain 4 acres Dredge/Cap 3 acres; EMNR 103 acres MNR 2,250 acres; In-situ 7 acres Ex-situ 321,120 cy; Disposal 892,000 cy	+	+	○	◐	◐	●	\$790M
D	Dredge 161 acres; Contain 7 acres Dredge/Cap 6 acres; EMNR 88 acres MNR 2,185 acres; In-situ 3 acres Ex-situ 395,060 cy; Disposal 1,766,000 cy	+	+	◐	◑	◐	◑	\$1.1B
E	Dredge 249 acres; Contain 10 acres Dredge/Cap 10 acres; EMNR 60 acres MNR 2,121 acres; In-situ 0 acres Ex-situ 431,560 cy; Disposal 3,100,000 cy	+	+	◑	◑	●	◑	\$1.5B
F	Dredge 479 acres; Contain 18 acres Dredge/Cap 17 acres; EMNR 24 acres MNR 1,913 acres; In-situ 0 acres Ex-situ 495,830 cy; Disposal 7,115,000 cy	+	+	◑	●	◑	◐	\$2.1B
G	Dredge 741 acres; Contain 22 acres Dredge/Cap 18 acres; EMNR 15 acres MNR 1,655 acres; In-situ 0 acres Ex-situ 518,010 cy; Disposal 11,722,000 cy	+	+	●	●	◑	○	\$2.5B

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ALTERNATIVE SELECTION KEY OBJECTIVES

FINER DETAILS OF THE 5 BALANCING CRITERIA

- ADDRESSING MAJORITY OF PTW
- NO. OF PRGs ACHIEVED AT T=0
- MAXIMUM RISK REDUCTION IN SHORTEST CONSTRUCTION TIME
- OPTIMIZE RISK REDUCTION FOR EACH COC AT T=0
- MINIMIZE ECO RISKS AT T=0
- PERMANENCE
- MINIMIZE FUTURE LAND USE RESTRICTIONS (LESS CAPPING)
- MINIMIZE FUTURE ADDITIONAL REMEDIAL WORK
- MINIMIZE LONG TERM O&M
- IMPROVE LONG TERM PREDICTIONS WITH MNR

ALTERNATIVE SELECTION

- EPA CONTINUES TO INVESTIGATE AND EVALUATE THE DATA
- BASED ON THE DATA AND MODELING, EPA WANTS TO SELECT A REMEDY THAT:
 - PROVIDES GOOD BALANCE BETWEEN ADDRESSING ALL PTW_s AND COST
 - PROVIDES MORE CERTAINTY IN EFFECTIVENESS AFTER CLEANUP
 - ACHIEVES RAO'S MORE QUICKLY
 - RELIES LESS ON INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS
 - LESS LAND USE RESTRICTIONS
 - RELIES LESS ON MNR (NATURAL RECOVERY OF THE RIVER)

COMMUNICATION

- UPDATES ON ANY PUBLIC/MEDIA REACTION TO THE RELEASE OF SECTION 4
- CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION'S INTEREST IN PUBLIC COMMUNICATION
- COMMUNICATION STRATEGY FOR CONCEPTUAL DESIGN
 - TALKING POINTS
 - AUDIENCE
 - COORDINATION WITH ODEQ